Structure Format of contributions
Short Summary
Page Layout

Margins should be 2 cm each (Top, Bottom, Left and Right).

Text

**Paragraph**: In general the text is "justified" (e.d. homogeneous appearance in the left and right side of the page).

**Letter**: should be used for text "Times New Roman".

**Color**: black in all cases (including mail correspondence of the author).

**Spacing**: a space (1.0).

**Spaces**: the titles of each section should be separated from the text by a blank space above and below. There will be no separation between paragraphs.

Title

A 14 points. it will be written using **bold** and capitals only for the first letter of proper names Scientific names consist of generic epithet (gender) and specific epithet (species), are written in italics. The title should be short, concise and informative without exceeding 20 words without end Point.

**Example 1:**

**Diversity and C storage in a submerged aquatic vegetation community of a coastal lagoon environment**

**Example 2:**

**Seasonal and successional patterns of litterfall in a semi-evergreen tropical forest of Calakmul, Campeche**

Authors

12 points. Centered. They will be included after the title starting with / the name (s) of / the author (s) that must be joined by a hyphen without spaces followed by first name (if there is a second go short). If more than one author will be separated by a semicolon (;). The first author (corresponding author) is written in **bold**.

**Examples:**

Correct: **Finegan Bryan**
Incorrect: **Finegan B.**
Institutional affiliation

9 points in italics without spaces between lines. Centered. At the end of the name of each author it will be included an Arabic numeric superscript according to the institutional affiliation. The mail of the corresponding author will be followed by Institutional affiliation and address. Not included mails of coauthors.

Example 1:

Finegan Bryan\(^1\) and Tipper Richard\(^2\)

\(^1\)Department of Forest Resource and Department of Fisheries, Wildlife, and Conservation Biology, University of Minnesota, 115 Green Hall, 1530 Cleveland Ave. No., St. Paul, Minnesota 55108, USA. Corresponding author e-mail: mtorres@geologia.unam.mx

\(^2\)Institute of Ecology and Resource Management, University of Edinburgh, Darwin Building, Mayfield Road, Edinburgh EH9 3JU, UK.

The format of the above three points (e.g. title, authors and institutional affiliation) should be centered.

Abstract

12-point maximum of 250 words. Do not make reference to quotations, figures or tables; it is not valid to include aspects of discussion. This section is to pour the most relevant aspects (Introduction, Methods and Results) study concisely.

Example 1:

Abstract

Celestun Lagoon (CL) is a shallow, tropical coastal lagoon influenced by groundwater discharges and karst geology in the eastern Yucatan Peninsula. The objective of this study was to identify the seasonal and spatial changes of macrophyte species composition and standing crop, as \( \text{C}_{\text{org}} \) reservoir in CL. Seasonal field samplings were carried out during 2005 to collect both environmental and biological variables on submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) stands at ten sampling stations along the system. Groundwater supply and nutrient input controlled the seasonal variability of macrophyte abundance, whereas hydrodynamics was the main driver influencing the SAV development in the inlet zone. Macrophyte biomass (2.01 Mg C ha\(^{-1}\)) and specific richness peaked during the northern cold fronts season (nortes). Green algae \( \text{Chara fibrosa} \) and brackish grass \( \text{Ruppia maritima} \) maximum growth in wet season responded to high nitrate concentrations and low average salinity in the system. However, a relatively less diversity during rainy season lead to a lower overall biomass (1.30 Mg C ha\(^{-1}\)) than that observed during nortes. The highly dynamic physical setting prevailing throughout the lagoon induced a significant SAV diversity and biomass co-variation and thus, in the \( \text{C}_{\text{storage}} \) capacity by this system.
Keywords

12 points, not in bold, should be 3-5 words not used in the title and separated by commas. If the title has not been drafted the scientific name of the species under study should then be included in the keywords.

Example 1:

Keywords: organic carbon, biomass, seagrasses, Celestun, Yucatan Peninsula.